

Y6 Comparing Texts

KS2 Y6 English · Follows the national curriculum

Name _____ Class _____ Date _____

1. Worked example

Find one similarity between Text A and Text B.

Step 1 · Look at viewpoint

Both use 'I': first person.

Step 2 · Look at feelings at the start

Both narrators are unhappy about moving.

Step 3 · Write it with a linking word

Both narrators...

Answer: Both narrators are unhappy about moving at first: in Text A 'every mile felt like a door closing', and in Text B Grandma Bisi 'cried for most of the voyage'.

Check: A similarity, with evidence from each text.

2. Now try one with the steps

Find one difference in when the events happen.

Step 1 · Text A

Step 2 · Text B

Step 3 · Link with a contrast word

Answer:

3. Practice

Have a go at each one. There is space underneath to work it out.

1. What theme do Text A and Text B share?

2. What form is Text B written in?

3. Text A and Text B: first person or third person?

4. Give one word that signals a contrast when comparing.

5. Give one word or phrase that signals a similarity.

6. In Text A, what does the narrator keep on in the car?

7. Where did Grandma Bisi move from and to?

8. How does Text A end: hopeful or gloomy? Give a quotation.

9. Compare how the two writers describe England or the motorway. What do the descriptions have in common?

10. What helps each narrator begin to feel at home?

11. Why do you think Grandma Bisi wrote the letter?

12. Text A is told at the moment of moving; Text B looks back. How does this change the tone of each?

13. Write one comparison sentence using 'whereas' about the two texts.

14. Which text do you find more hopeful overall? Give a reason from the text.

4. Before you hand it in

Writing about Text A, then Text B, with no links.

Use linking words in the same sentence: 'Text A..., whereas Text B...'

Only finding differences.

Look for shared theme, viewpoint or feelings first.

Naming a technique with no effect: 'Both use similes.'

Say what each image makes the reader feel or understand.

Forgetting to compare within a text.

Compare the beginning with the end of the same text.